



HIGH SCHOOL AND UNIVERSITY
MATRICULATION EXAMINATIONS BOARD.

DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATIONS, 1929.

LATIN 3.

Time — Three hours.

SECTION A. (AUTHORS AND SIGHT TRANSLATION).

Values.

- 8 1. Translate into English:

L. Quinctius, spes unica imperii populi Romani, trans Tiberim agrum quatuor jugerum colebat, quae prata Quinctia vocantur. Ibi, operi agresti intentus, ab legatis rogatus ut mandata senatus togatus audiret, togam e tugurio proferre uxorem jubet. Qua velatus simulac pulvere et sudore absterso processit, dictatorem eum legati gratulantes salutant; in urbem vocant; qui terror sit in exercitu exponunt. Navis Quinctio publice parata fuit, transvectumque tres filii, obviam egressi, excipiunt, inde alii propinqui atque amici, tum patrum major pars. Antecedentibus lictoribus domum deductus est; et illa quidem nocte vigilatum est in urbe.

- 1 (a) *Ab legatis rogatus, etc.* What was the significance of this request on the part of the delegates of the senate?
- 1 (b) Under what circumstances was a dictator appointed at Rome? What were his powers?

2. Translate into English:

Romae interim, omnibus jam ad tuendam arcem paratis, turba seniorum domos regressa adventum hostium obstinato ad mortem animo expectabat. Qui eorum curules gesserant magistratus, augustissima veste vestiti medio aedium eburneis sellis sedere. Galli ingressi postero die urbem patente Collina porta in forum perveniunt, circumferentes oculos ad templa deum arcemque solam belli speciem tenentem. Inde modico relicto praesidio, ne

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quis ex arce impetus fieret, dilapsi ad praedam, vacuis viis pars in proxima tecta ruunt, pars ultima petunt.

- 1 (a) *Curules magistratus*. Explain.
- 1 (b) Refer definitely to something you have read in the selections from Livy to prove that he is not always partial to the Roman point of view.

6 3. Translate into English:

"O socii (neque enim ignari sumus ante malorum), o passi graviores, dabit deus his quoque finem. Vos et Scyllaeam rabiem penitusque sonantis accestis scopulos, vos et Cyclopa saxa experti; revocate animos maestumque timorem mittite; fors et haec olim meminisse iuvabit."

- 2 (a) *Scyllaeam rabiem*. Explain. What other terror to sailors was associated with this in the legend?
- 1 (b) *Accestis*. Write out in full the form of which this is a contraction.

9 4. Translate into English:

Miratur molem Aeneas, magalia quondam, miratur portas strepitumque et strata viarum. Instant ardentes Tyrii: pars ducere muros molirique arcem et manibus subvolvere saxa, pars optare locum tecto et concludere sulco; iura magistratusque legunt sanctumque senatum. Hic portus alii effodiunt; hic alta theatri fundamenta locant alii, immanisque columnas rupibus excidunt, scaenis decora alta futuris.

- 1 (a) What simile does Vergil use immediately after these lines to describe the activity of the Carthaginians?
- 1 (b) Why would a Roman poet be disposed to make much of a Carthaginian episode in his work?

10 5. Translate into English at sight:

(*The Romans Taste the Bitterness of Defeat.*)

Iam hora fatalis ignominiae advenit, factura omnia tristiora experiundo (1) quam quae praeceperant (2) animis. Primi consules, prope seminudi, sub iugum missi; tum ut quisque gradu proximus erat, ita ignominiae obiectus; tum deinceps (3)

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singulae legiones. Circumstabant armati hostes, exprobrantes (4) eludentesque; gladii etiam plerisque intentati (5), et vulnerati quidam necatique; si vultus eorum, acrior indignitate rerum, victorem offendisset.

Vocabulary—(1) In actual experience; (2) Anticipate; (3) In succession; (4) Taunt; (5) Brandish.

SECTION B. (GRAMMAR AND PROSE COMPOSITION).

- 4 **1.** Write the following Latin phrases:
- (a) of *media contio*, the dative singular;
 - (b) of *omnis multitudo*, the ablative singular;
 - (c) of *fama vulgatior*, the genitive plural;
 - (d) of *Romulus solus*, the dative singular;
 - (e) of *res Romana*, the genitive singular;
 - (f) of *gens vicina*, the genitive plural;
 - (g) of *foedus ictum*, the ablative plural;
 - (h) of *magnus impetus*, the accusative plural.
- 4 **2.** (a) Compare the adjectives *acer*, *sapiens*, *nobilis*, *prior*.
- 2 (b) Form adverbs from *each* of these and give the comparison of the adverbs thus formed.
- 8 **3.** Give the principal parts of the verbs from which the following forms are derived:
- effusus erat*, *exponunt*, *sustulisset*, *aperire*, *adiuvat*,
ostendit, *condendae*, *cecidit*.
- 5 **4.** Write the following verb-forms:
- (a) of *mitto*, the perfect infinitive active;
 - (b) of *scio*, the 3d plural future indicative active;
 - (c) of *ago*, the 1st singular pluperfect subjunctive active;
 - (d) of *audeo*, the 2d plural perfect indicative;
 - (e) of *video*, the nominative feminine plural of the future participle active.

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3 **5.** Give the following pronoun forms:

- (a) of *ego*, the ablative singular;
- (b) of *quis?* the neuter accusative singular;
- (c) of *qui*, the neuter nominative singular;
- (d) of *ipse*, the feminine singular dative;
- (e) of *quidam*, the feminine singular accusative;
- (f) of *idem*, the neuter nominative plural.

6. Translate into Latin:

- 3 (a) Cicero at last brought it about that all the leaders of the conspiracy who had remained in the city were arrested.
- 3 (b) The consul persuaded him to confess that he had tried to carry certain letters to the chiefs of the Allobroges.
- 3 (c) If all these confederates of Catiline's should set out for the camp which Manlius has made ready, I for my part should not complain.
- 3 (d) But I am afraid that they will stay in the city to complete the plans which Catiline has entrusted to them.
- 3 (e) If they change their mind, everyone will say that I drove them into exile against the will of the citizens.
- 3 (f) No peace can be lasting in Asia while King Mithridates is alive; we must therefore without delay select a leader to prosecute that war.
- 3 (g) Cicero had always been very desirous of obtaining the highest office in the state, and when he sought the consulate, the citizens showed how highly they regarded (*habeo*) him.
- 3 (h) Seeing that our ancestors had to wage many wars on behalf of our merchants, what ought you to do today when an envoy of the Roman people has been murdered by Mithridates?